1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
2	SPARTANBURG DIVISION
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,) CR. NO. 7:24-CR-281
4) GREENVILLE, SC) JUNE 25, 2024
5	VERSUS)
6	MELVIN ANTONIO)
7	EUGENE MAXWELL,)
8	DEFENDANT.))
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE HENRY M. HERLONG
10	UNITED STATES SENIOR DISTRICT COURT JUDGE CHANGE OF PLEA HEARING
11	APPEARANCES:
12	FOR THE GOVERNMENT: MAXWELL B. CAUTHEN, AUSA
13	UNITED STATES ATTORNEY'S OFFICE 55 BEATTIE PLACE
14	SUITE 700 GREENVILLE, SC 29601
15	FOR THE DEFENDANT: BENJAMIN T. STEPP, AFPD
16	FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE
17	TWO LIBERTY SQUARE 75 BEATTIE PLACE
18	SUITE 950 GREENVILLE, SC 29601
19	COURT REPORTER: DEBRA R. BULL, RPR, CRR
20	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTER 315 SOUTH MCDUFFIE STREET
21	ANDERSON, SC 29624
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23	STENOTYPE/COMPUTER-AIDED TRANSCRIPTION *** *** *** ***
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(Whereupon, the hearing commenced at 9:59 a.m.)
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             THE COURT: Thank you, be seated, please.
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               You may call the case.
             MR. CAUTHEN: May it please the Court, Your
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       Honor. Judge, we are here this morning on case number
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       7:24-281, United States versus Melvin Antonio Eugene
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       Maxwell. He is pleading quilty to his Indictment with
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       -- under a conditional guilty plea and he is represented
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       by Mr. Ben Stepp.
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             THE CLERK: Please raise your right hand.
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             MELVIN ANTONIO EUGENE MAXWELL, having been first
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       duly sworn, testified as follows:
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                                 EXAM
   BY THE COURT:
            Mr. Maxwell, have you had enough time to discuss
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       this matter with your attorney?
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             Yes, sir.
    Α.
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             Are you satisfied thus far with the representation
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       of your attorney?
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             Yes, sir.
    Α.
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             Do you have any complaints of your attorney or
    Q.
22
       anyone else in connection with this case?
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             I don't understand what you mean.
    Α.
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             Do you have any complaints of your attorney or
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       anyone else in connection with this case?
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             No, sir.
    Α.
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    Q.
             Okay.
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               What is your full name?
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             Melvin Antonio Eugene Maxwell.
    Α.
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    Q.
             And how old are you?
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    Α.
             Thirty-nine years old.
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             How far did you go in school?
    Q.
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    Α.
             Got a GED.
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             Have you ever been treated for any type of mental
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       condition?
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             No, sir.
    Α.
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             This morning, are you under the influence of any
    Q.
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       type of alcohol, drug, or medicine?
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             No.
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             THE COURT:
                          Mr. Stepp, do you have any question
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       as to his competence?
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             MR. STEPP: No, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT:
                          I will be going over this guilty plea
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                  I will be advising you of what your rights
       with you.
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       are in connection with a jury trial and the fact that
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       you are giving up your right to a jury trial by pleading
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       quilty.
                 This is what we call a conditional guilty
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       plea. What that means is it is a quilty plea like any
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       other guilty plea except, under these circumstances with
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the consent of the Government and with the consent of

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the Court, you are allowed to plead quilty but maintain your right to appeal the Court's ruling in the suppression hearing that we had the other day. You can raise that issue with the Court of Appeals, and if the Court of Appeals rules in your favor, then that evidence would not be allowed -- and I don't know if the Government has taken a position on this, but it is more than likely that would be the end of the case?

MR. CAUTHEN: Possibly, Your Honor; I haven't thought that far ahead, to be honest.

THE COURT: Right. But you would have a chance, that evidence, which your attorney pursued with the Motion to Suppress, if my decision is reversed, that evidence would not be allowed and you would have a chance to be acquitted.

MR. STEPP: Judge, I think the rule says if the Court of Appeals reverses the District Court ruling that the Defendant would have a right to withdraw his plea. And then it just goes from there.

I think that is correct. THE COURT: appreciate you pointing that out, then this plea would not be binding and then we could proceed, that is a better understanding. We rarely do these and that is why it is an unusual circumstance.

EXAM CONTINUED

Entry Number 73

BY THE COURT:

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- You would not be -- if the Court of Appeals Q. agreed with your position that that evidence should have been suppressed and then you would not be bound by the guilty plea and proceed from there; do you understand?
- Yes, sir. Α.
- But with the understanding that you wish to appeal that issue, which you will have the right to do because this is a conditional plea, if the Court of Appeals rules against you, then you would be bound by the sentence that you will receive and the imposition of quilt on this charge; do you understand that?
- 14 Yes, sir.
 - Now, I am going to go through my advice to you on what it means by pleading guilty and what you are giving up by way of a jury trial. And during this proceeding this morning, if anything I say or ask of you which is unclear to you, you could make that known to the Court and the Court will explain it further. And during this proceeding, you have the right to stop and confer with your attorney at any time that you have a question; do you understand that?
 - Yes, sir. Α.
- The Indictment charges in Count 1 that on or about 25 Q.

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November 27th, 2023, in the District of South Carolina, that you knowingly -- did knowingly possess a firearm, which had been shipped and transported in interstate and foreign commerce, that is a Llama .45 caliber pistol, you having been previously convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and knowing that you had been convicted of such a crime. Do you understand what you are charged with in Count 1 of the Indictment?

- Α. Yes, sir.
- The elements of this offense are as follows: Q. That you had previously been convicted in a court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year; that you had previously been convicted -that you knew you had previously been convicted in a court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year; that after this conviction you knowingly possessed the firearm and ammunition described in the Indictment; and the possession was in or affecting commerce because the firearm and ammunition had travelled in interstate or foreign commerce at some point during their existence. Those are the basic elements of the -- Count 1 of the Indictment, felon in possession; do you understand those elements?
- Yes, sir. Α.

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- The statute provides for a maximum sentence of ten Q. years and/or a fine of \$250,000, supervised release of up to three years, and a Special Assessment of \$100; do you understand that?
- Α. Yes, sir.

MR. CAUTHEN: Your Honor, may I interrupt --THE COURT: Yes.

MR. CAUTHEN: -- please, sir? That is an error on It should be imprisonment for not more than fifteen years; it is not a mandatory, this offense occurred after the law changed, so it would be up to fifteen years; the rest of the penalties remain the same.

EXAM CONTINUED

15 BY THE COURT:

- I am informed, I will correct what I said to you as far as the sentencing provisions, it is imprisonment for not more than fifteen years; do you understand that?
- 19 Yes, sir. Α.
 - Count 2 charges that on or about November 27th, 2023, in the District of South Carolina, that you knowingly, intentionally, and unlawfully possessed a quantity of cocaine base, commonly known as crack cocaine, and that they are both -- and coke, excuse me, a quantity of cocaine base and cocaine, both Scheduled

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Α.

Two controlled substances. That is what you are charged with in Count 2; do you understand that?

Yes, sir.

- Q. The elements of this offense are as follows: That you knowingly and intentionally possessed the controlled substance described in the Indictment; that at the time of such possession, you knew that the substance you possessed were controlled substances; and that you did not possess the controlled substances pursuant to a valid prescription or order, those are the basic elements; do you understand that?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. For this Count 2, the statute provides for a maximum sentence of one year imprisonment, a fine of 1 million dollars, and a Special Assessment of \$100.

MR. CAUTHEN: That is \$1,000, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, you are right.

EXAM CONTINUED

19 BY THE COURT:

- Q. The sentencing provision is a maximum penalty of one year imprisonment, a fine of \$1,000, and a Special Assessment of \$100; do you understand that?
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. As to each of these Counts, understanding what you are charged with, what the elements of the offenses

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Page 9 of 20

are, and what the statutory sentencing provisions could do you still wish to plead guilty?

- Yes, sir. Α.
- Although you are offering to plead guilty, Q. are still presumed innocent. You have the right to a jury trial, and at a jury trial you would be presumed innocent throughout the trial. The burden of proof would be on the Government to prove your quilt beyond a reasonable doubt. The Government would have to do that by calling witnesses or introducing any other relevant evidence into the case. And if the Government called any witnesses, you would have the right to cross-examine those witnesses. You would be entitled to representation by your attorney throughout the trial. Your attorney would represent you throughout the trial.

And during the trial, after the Government presents its evidence, you would have the right, if you chose to do so, to testify, but you would not be required to testify because a defendant has the right to remain silent during a trial and not testify, and the jury would be instructed that if a defendant chose to remain silent and not testify, that fact could not be held against you. You could call witnesses in your defense, you could introduce any other relevant evidence in your defense, but you would not be required

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to call any witnesses or to testify or to produce any evidence because, as I said earlier, the burden of proof is always on the Government to prove a defendant quilty beyond a reasonable doubt and a defendant does not have to prove his innocence.

You would be entitled to a jury trial, and before you could be found guilty, the verdict of the jury would have to be unanimous, which means each and every juror would have to be convinced of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.

Furthermore, the jury would be instructed that if the Government failed in its burden of proof, the jury would be required to find you not guilty.

Those are certain rights that you have in connection with the jury trial; do you understand those rights?

- Yes, sir. Α.
- Understanding that, do you still wish to plead 18 19 quilty?
- Yes, sir. 20 Α.
- 21 And do you understand that by pleading guilty you Q. 22 are giving up those rights in connection with a jury 23 trial?
- 24 Α. Yes, sir.
- 25 Has anyone threatened, forced, or coerced you in Q.

any way to get you to plead guilty?

A. No, sir.

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- Q. Are you pleading guilty because you are guilty?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. Has anyone, including your attorney, promised 6 you what your actual sentence will be?
 - A. No, sir.
- 8 Q. We have sentence guidelines in Federal Court. 9 Following a plea of quilty, the United States Probation 10 office will prepare a Presentence Report for the Court, 11 and in that Presentence Report, among other things, 12 there will be a quideline calculation that applies in 13 your case. Once the Report is finalized, you will 14 get-- you and your attorney are given a copy of the 15 Report, the Government is given a copy of the Report 16 and if there are any objections in the Report, which 17 could not be resolved, you would be entitled to a 18 hearing before the Court to resolve any objections. 19 The Court is required to consider the guideline range 20 that applies in your case, but the guidelines are 21 advisory only and the Court may impose a sentence which 22 is more severe or less severe than that called for by 23 the guidelines; do you understand that?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 Q. I further tell you that if you are sentenced to a

term of imprisonment, you will also be sentenced to an additional term of supervised release. And should you violate any conditions of the supervised release, you could be sentenced to an additional term of imprisonment; do you understand that?

A. Yes, sir.

THE COURT: At this time I will ask the

Government to summarize the facts in your case. Listen

carefully, when the Government finishes summarizing, I

will ask you whether you agree with those facts and

whether you are, in fact, guilty.

All right, sir.

MR. CAUTHEN: May it please the Court.

Your Honor, on November 27th of 2023, on Highway I-85 in Spartanburg County, Deputy Dorset observed a vehicle being driven by the Defendant, who was continually riding in the far left lane of the highway, which is referred to as the passing lane. Other vehicles would come up behind his car, have to change lanes, go around him to get back over. So after watching him drive in the passing lane for some distance, the deputy then initiated his blue lights to pull Mr. Maxwell over.

Mr. Maxwell immediately began to pull over and change lanes, but in doing so did not use a turn signal.

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He then pulled on over to the shoulder the interstate.

As Deputy Dorset approached his vehicle, they had a conversation about his riding in the passing lane. Mr. Maxwell was cooperative, provided his information. Also that it was a rental car that he was in and he was heading back to North Carolina, I believe, he indicated. The deputy was going -- was preparing tickets to issue him, when he came back to the car, he indicated to Mr. Maxwell that he would like for him to get out of the car to talk with him because he smelled the odor of marijuana emanating from the car. Mr. Maxwell disagreed with that, and after a short period of time put his car back in drive and sped off from the stop.

He went up the interstate a distance and got off on Highway 290, we refer to as Highway 290 there in Duncan and took a right where he started to turn into a QT gas station, lost control of his vehicle, and He then got out and ran on foot. Dorset and other officers, who had responded to the scene, pursued him and were able to catch him on foot. They walked him back to his vehicle. Deputy Dorset then searched the vehicle based upon the odor of marijuana coming from it, also notified the rental company -- was notified that the car was wrecked and

they were going to conduct an inventory search pursuant -- before it was towed off.

In doing the search, they found in a backpack two digital scales, the .45 caliber pistol that was contained in the Indictment, and it was painted such that you could not see the serial number. They also recovered a quantity of crack cocaine, and cocaine, and some marijuana. It was only 1.39 grams of cocaine and 1.89 grams of marijuana.

ATF responded to the scene and Special Agent
Mercer went to the detention center after he was taken
into custody and met with Mr. Maxwell, advised him of
his Miranda rights, he indicated he understood those
and agreed to speak with the agents. And I believe the
other agent was David Pate. Mr. Maxwell was
cooperative, he indicated that he had gotten the
pistol, that it was his and that he had painted it
because that is what he prefers to do with his pistols.

Prior to that date, Your Honor, he had been convicted of a crime for which he could have received more than a year in prison and did, in fact, receive more than a year in prison in 2011 in Federal Court in North Carolina for felon in possession of a firearm, and then again in 2017 in Federal Court in North Carolina for felon in possession of a firearm. He has not

received a pardon.

When ATF performed an examination of the pistol, they were able to recover the serial number from it, they just used some chemicals to dilute the paint. They determined the pistol was manufactured outside of the state of South Carolina and, therefore, had travelled in interstate commerce to reach South Carolina.

EXAM CONTINUED

BY THE COURT:

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- Mr. Maxwell, having heard that summary by the Government, do you agree with it?
- Not with the stop I don't. Α.
- 13 Q. Pardon?
 - Not with the stop I don't. That is not how that went, but the rest of the stuff, I agree with that.

MR. STEPP: On the part regarding the car stop on the side of the road, the Government's recitation was essentially what the Court heard, what we all heard last week.

THE COURT: I understand he disputes that, but he does not dispute the fact that he was in possession of the pistol knowing that he was a convicted felon, knowing that he was not allowed to have the weapon and the ammunition, and he doesn't dispute the fact that he was in possession of that quantity of drugs as set forth

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in Count 2?
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             MR. STEPP: Do you agree with that?
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             THE WITNESS: I agree with that.
                            EXAM CONTINUED
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   BY THE COURT:
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             And did you, as charged in the Indictment, as
    Q.
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       charged in Count 1 of the Indictment, unlawful to
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       possess a firearm, which had been shipped in interstate
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       commerce, you having been previously convicted of a
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       crime punishable by imprisonment to a term exceeding one
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       year and knowing that you had been convicted as is fully
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       set forth and alleged in Count 1 of the Indictment?
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    Α.
             Yes, sir.
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             And did you, as charged in count 2 of the
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       Indictment, on or about November 27th, 2023, in the
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       District of South Carolina, knowingly possess a
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       quantity of crack cocaine and cocaine as is fully set
       forth and alleged in the Indictment?
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             Yes, sir.
    Α.
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             And are you quilty of Counts 1 and 2 of the
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       Indictment?
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    Α.
             Yes, sir.
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                           You may sign your plea at this time.
             THE COURT:
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              (Defendant complies.)
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                           The Clerk may publish.
             THE COURT:
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May it please the court. THE CLERK: Defendant, Melvin Antonio Eugene Maxwell, has withdrawn his plea of not quilty and has entered a plea of quilty as to Counts 1 and 2 of the Indictment after arraignment in open Court.

THE COURT: It is the finding of the Court in the case just published that the Defendant is fully competent and capable of entering an informed plea, his plea of quilty is a knowing and voluntary plea supported by an independent basis in fact containing each of the essential elements of the two Counts in the Indictment. He is now adjudged guilty of Counts 1 and 2 of the Indictment and his plea of guilty is accepted.

That is all until sentencing, thank you.

MR. CAUTHEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. STEPP: Judge, may I take up a matter of bail with the Magistrate?

THE COURT: As I ruled the other day, and especially since he has entered a plea of guilty, the circumstances of his record of which I am familiar with and what I have heard today, I don't think that he should be allowed to be out on bail and he should remain in custody.

Thank you.

MR. CAUTHEN: Your Honor, is it your finding,

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simply for the record, that he presents a potential danger to the community and a possible flight risk. THE COURT: Both of those. MR. CAUTHEN: Yes, sir. Thank you, sir. MR. STEPP: Judge, he has been in compliance with his bond since he was put on bond, and since the state and the people in North Carolina altered his supervised release conditions and he has had surgery back in April, he was supposed to continue on rehab on the surgery, fact he had -- the medical reports I see show that he was supposed to be scheduled for another follow up on rehab tomorrow. If he doesn't get these things over a period of time, then the surgery that he had on his shoulder will not -- and the rehab -- if he doesn't get rehab, he tells me, the surgery that they did will freeze up and he may have to have all of this stuff redone again. THE COURT: Has he been to physical therapy already? THE DEFENDANT: I have been to two classes. Ι still got --THE COURT: And they gave you some exercises to do?

THE DEFENDANT: No, they have just been doing them with me.

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They told you how to do them? THE COURT:

THE DEFENDANT: They are just showing me how to do them, doing it with balls and stuff like that on the The doctor, like, I even self-surrendered, they wall. told me to turn myself in. Nobody had to pick me up.

THE COURT: I am saying when you went to the physical therapy following -- you had surgery on your shoulder?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: When was that?

THE WITNESS: That was April 24th.

THE COURT: Okay. And following the surgery, you went two times to physical therapy.

THE DEFENDANT: I went two times, that is when they scheduled that.

THE COURT: You should follow up and do the exercises that they told you to do, but I am going to deny his request for bond under the circumstances -totality of the circumstances as to he is now convicted -- he is now a recently convicted felon -- out-of-state felon, who I find, under the circumstances, is not entitled to bond as the question was asked as to a flight risk and a danger to the community. obviously doesn't adhere and the fact that he is a prohibited person to possess a firearm doesn't mean

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anything, he still possessed a firearm. I believe you
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       said he had two previous convictions of felon in
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       possession?
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             MR. CAUTHEN: Yes, sir.
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             THE COURT: This will be the third?
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             MR. CAUTHEN: Yes, sir.
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             THE COURT: Okay. That is all. We stand
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       adjourned.
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          (Whereupon, the hearing concluded at 10:25 a.m.)
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                 *** END OF REQUESTED TRANSCRIPT ***
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                       CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
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              I certify that the foregoing is a correct
     transcript from my stenographic notes in the
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     above-entitled matter.
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                                           January 5, 2025
          S/Debra R. Bull, RPR, CRR
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